

DC-DC Conduction cooled PST14X 320W





Input ranges: 9-50Vdc, 18-36Vdc, 16-50Vdc 1 output 3V3 to 48Vdc, 320W max. 50*160*25mm

Automatic reverse polarity, Surge and transient protected -40°C to 100°C baseplate

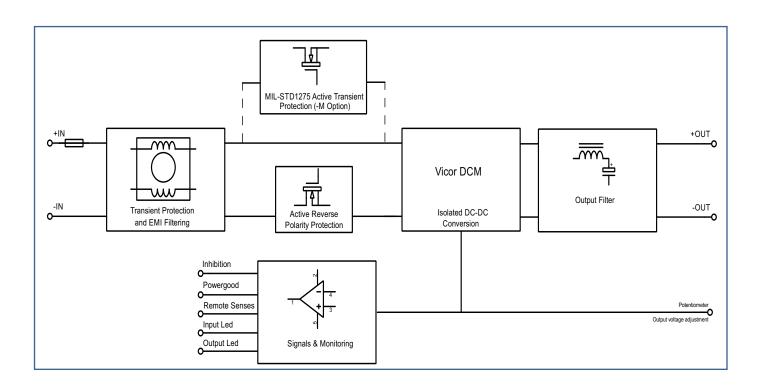
-MV Option: MILSTD1275 and Severe environment

Safety IEC/EN 60950-1, RoHS lead-free-solder compliant





PST14X, very high power density 320W DC-DC converter in conduction cooled format, incorporates input EMI filtering, input transient protection, output protections, very robust mechanical package and connection required in most of the severe environment for industrial, railways, defense type of applications. The converter provides high power density thanks to the integration of Vicor Corp. DCM modules, high efficiency, input-to-output isolation, soft start, overtemperature protection, input over/undervoltage lockout. The outputs are short-circuit proof. The 100°C baseplate operation allows operation in high temperature environment. The output can be configured in many different output voltages from 3,3V to 48Vdc, others possibilities are even possible as semi-standard versions. With the -MV option, the converter is protected against surges and transients MIL-STD-704 and MIL-STD-1275, EMI filtered built to meet MIL-STD 461 and ruggedizzed according MIL-STD-810.







Electrical Input Data

Input			12V			24V			28V		Units
Characteristics	Conditions	min	typ.	max	min	typ.	max	min	typ.	max	
Operating input voltage		9		50	18		36	16		50	V
Absolute Max. Rating				65			65			65	
Undervoltage lockout				8,55			17,1	9,6		15,2	٧
Undervoltage Recovery				9			18			16	٧
Overvoltage lockout	If no -M option			55			45			55	٧
Overvoltage Recovery	If no -M option	50			36			50			٧
Input current	Vin min			20			20			20	Α
Innut nower	No load			11			11			12	W
Input power	Disabled			1			1			1	W
Inrush current	Peak			25			22			25	Α
Start-up time			10			10			10		ms

Input Transient Protection

A Transil diode and a common mode input filter form an effective protection against input fast transients in severe environments like railways.

When -MV option is defined for PST14X, the unit incorporates an active protection circuit against high energy transient MIL STD 1275, DO160.

Input Fuse

A fuse mounted inside the converter protects against damages in case of a failure. The fuse is not user-accessible.

Input Reverse Polarity

An active Mosfet circuit placed internally at the input will block the current in case of reversed polarity, no damage ti yhe unit and unit will come back to normal operation when resumed.

Input Inrush Current

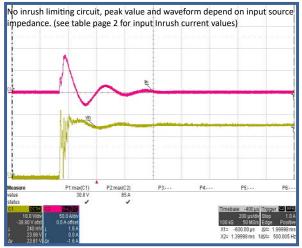
They are no inrush limitation other than input serial choke from EMI filter and these incuded into the Vicor DCM converter as the input capacitors are quite limited. See above table for the values.

Input UVP/ OVP

The PST14X includes input undervoltage protection (UVP) and overvoltage protection (OVP) which will stop the converter in the event of an under/overvoltage and restart when input comes back in its normal range. See table above for the value according input range. Do not not exceed absolute maximum rating in any case. When the -MV option is selected, an overvoltage with a duration less than 100ms will be clamped by the active input protection, if any longer units will stop and restart after several seconds.

Waveforms

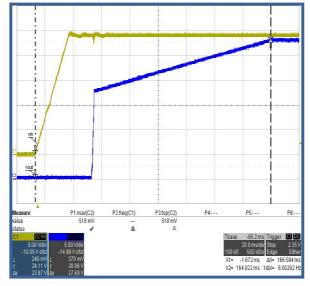
Inrush Current: PST14X28-28320



100V 50ms Transient protection (-M option): PST14X28-28320-MV



Start-up time: PST14X28-28320







Electrical Output Data

 $General\ conditions: 25^{\circ}C\ ambiant.$

1) Latched shutdown - 2) Output voltage falls < 95 % of nominal - 3) Nominal input, full load, 20MHz bandwidth - 4) Nominal input, full load - 5) No load to full load, nominal input

Part Number	Output Voltage	S Output Power		 Voltage Adjustment 		< Overvoltage Protection (1)			Dutput Current			% Output Current Limit (2)		Ad Output Noise (3)		% Efficiency (4)		Load regulation (5)
	V Nom.	Nom.	Min.		Min.		Max.	Min		Max.	Min		Max.		May		Max.	V Typ.
12Vin	INOIII.	NOIII.	IVIIII.	Typ. Iviax.	IVIIII.	тур.	iviax.	IVIIII.	ιyp.	IVIAX.	IVIIII.	тур.	IVIAX.	iviiii. Typ.	IVIAA.	ινιιιι. τур.	IVIAX.	тур.
PST14X12-3V380	3V3	80	3.00	3.63	4.1			0		24.3	100	120	136	70		85		0.1
PST14X12-580	5V	80	4	5.5	6.32			0		16	100	120	145	80		85.5		0.1
PST14X12-12160	12V	160	9.6	13.2	15			0		13.4	100	120	150	115		89		0.1
PST14X12-15160	15V	160	12	16.5	19			0		10.7	100	120	139	115		89		0.1
PST14X12-24160	24V	160	19.2	26.4	30.3			0		6.7	100	120	145	170		88		0.1
PST14X12-28160	28V	160	22.4	30.8	35.4			0		5.8	100	120	140	105		89		0.1
PST14X12-48160	48V	160	38.4	52.8	60.7			0		3.4	100	120	140	200		88		0.1
24Vin																		
PST14X24-5180	5V	180	4	5.5	6.92			0		36	100	120	139	80		89		0.1
PST14X24-12320	12V	320	9.6	13.2	15			0		26.6	100	120	130	115		90		0.1
PST14X24-15320	15V	320	12	16.5	18.7			0		21.4	100	120	130	115		90.5		0.1
PST14X24-24320	24V	320	19.2	26.4	30			0		13.4	100	120	134	170		90		0.1
PST14X24-28320	28V	320	22.4	30.8	35			0		11.4	100	120	142	105		91		0.1
PST14X24-36320	36V	320	28.8	39.6	45			0		8.9	100	120	137	105		91		0.1
PST14X24-48320	48V	320	38.4	52.8	60			0		6.6	100	120	143	220		90.5		0.1
28Vin		I																
PST14X28-3V3120	3V3	120	3	3.6	4.17			0		36.4	100	120	145	90		87		0.1
PST14X28-5180	5V	180	4	5.5	6.92			0		36	100	120	131	90		88.5		0.1
PST14X28-12320	12V	320	9.6	13.2	15.6			0		26.6	100	115	132	115		89.5		0.1
PST14X28-15320	15V	320	12	16.5	18.7			0		21.4	100	120	130	115		90		0.1
PST14X28-24320	24V	320	19.2	26.4	30			0		13.4	100	120	130	170		89		0.1
PST14X28-28320	28V	320	22.4	30.8	35			0		11.4	100	115	123	105		90.5		0.1
PST14X28-48320	48V	320	38.4	52.8	60			0		6.6	100	120	143	220		90		0.1

Output Current Limitation

See Electrical output data for current limitation value according partnumber.

The converter output is continously protected against short-circuit or current limitation by disabling the power train when ouput current goes above the value from the table page 3. When the default disappear, the converter will go back to normal operation after initialization.

Output OVP

The PST14X includes output overvoltage protection (OVP) which will stop the converter in the event of an overvoltage and restart when input comes back in its normal range. See table above for the value according output voltages. Nevertheless exceeding these value may damage the converter.



Parallel and Series Connection

A converter output can be connected in series with an output from a separate converter, a diode across each output may be implemented externally (Cathode to +OUT) to provide continuity in case of one failure. The maximum output current of a serial-connected outputs is limited by the output with the lowest current limit. Output voltages above 48V (SELV - Safety Extra Low Voltage) require additional safety measures in order to comply with international safety requirements. Parallel operation is possible up to 8 PST14X to increase output power.

Parallel operation is possible up to 8 PST14X to increase output power. No parrallel signal used and the units will work in droop share mode, output voltage of each unit should be as close as possible to ensure proper current sharing between the paralleled units.

Redundant Systems Operation

When systems require a very high level of reliability and should work normally in the event of a failure, N+1 redundancy is implemented where N is the number of converter to support power requirement. If one converter fail, the remaining ones still delivers the power to the loads.

External Oring diodes or active oring circuit are required to ensure proper N+1 operation (contact us for more details).

Hold-up time

The converter provides limited hold-up time. If a hold-up time is required (some railways applications for example), use external input capacitors of adequat size.

Formula for additional external input capacitor : C = $2*Pout*th*100/(V^2-Vi^2)/n$

whereas:

C = external input capacitance [mF]

Pout = output power [W] n = efficiency [%] t_h = hold-up time [ms] V_i = minimum input voltage

V = Input voltage level before interruption

Thermal Considerations

The converter is designed to be mounted on a dissipative area, in conduction cooling mode. The max. operating temperature is the temperature of the baseplate which should not exceed 100°C.

Addition of grease or thermal pad between the converter baseplate and the chassis is mandatory. When used with heatsink in conduction cooled or air forced, the thermal impedance Rth (°C/W) of the heatsink should be calculated taking into account max baseplate temp.100°C (Tb max.), max operating ambiant (Ta max.), dissipated power (Pdiss). Rth = (Tb max. - Ta max.) / Pdiss.

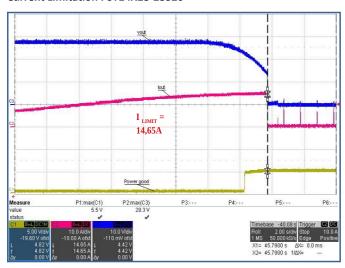
As an example, see Rth of H and H1 heatsink option in the option description paragraph and graph of power derating.

Thermal protection

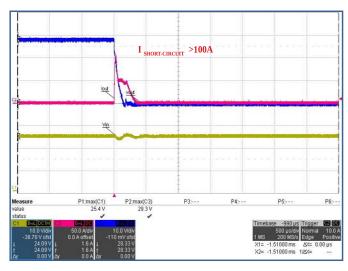
A temperature protection is integrated in each Vicor module, disabling output when heatsink temperature exceeds 105°C. The converter automatically restarts, when the temperature drops below this limit. Nevertheless, exceeding the max operating temperature may cause failures of the converter.

Waveforms

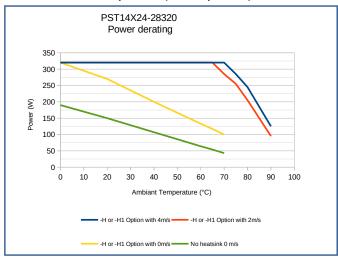
Current Limitation PST14X28-28320



Short Circuit limitation PST14X28-28320



Power vs Ambiant temperature (vertical position) PST14X28-28320







Auxiliary Functions

Inhibit (Remote On/Off)

The inhibit input pin enables the converter when logic low or left opened circuit between INH and INH RTN. The converter will be disabled when logic high 5V-50Vmax. between INH and INH RTN.

This signal is referenced to the input voltage and will disable all outputs at the same time when the same signal is used for several converters. In systems consisting of several converters, this feature may be used to sequence the activation of the different converters if inhibition is used separately.

Output Voltage Adjustment

The converter output voltage can be adjustable by potentiometer, placed at the output side, between -20% to +10% of the nominal voltage (see page 3).

Sense Lines

This feature enables compensation of voltage drop accross the connector contacts and the load lines by connecting +S and -S at the load location.

The overall voltage compensation in the + and - power lines should not exceed +10% of the nominal output voltage as it may .

Powergood

An open collector PGood signal (PGD, PGD RTN) is opened when output fails and closed when unit operates properly with output voltages in its normal range. Do not exceed 30Vdc/20mA.

Input / Output Led

Two green leds at input & output indicate the presence of corresponding voltages.



Options Description

Heatsink (-H or -H1)

The PST14X is built as standard with a aluminum baseplate as described in the mechanical data. The converter can be delivered with a 15mm height heatsink with longitudinal fins (-H) or transversal fins (-H1). See page 10 for mechanical drawings. 3D models available on the web site. In case of using H or H1 option, the thermal impedance (Rth) of the heatsink mentioned below must be considered for the airflow or maximum power calculation. Conditions: 55°C ambiant, convection (0m/s vertical mounting) and 2m/s airflow:

PST14X -H: Rth@0m/s: 2.7°C/W, Rth@2m/s: 1°C/W PST14X -H1: Rth@0m/s: 2.7°C/W, Rth@2m/s: 1°C/W

Ruggedized (-MV)

The PST14X can be ruggedized to meet MIL-STD810E, MIL-STD461E CE102.

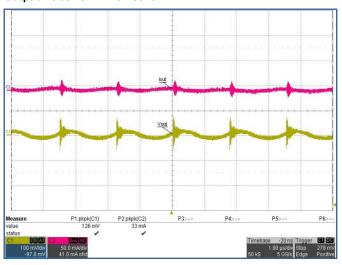
MV option is available for 12 & 28Vin only and will comply with MIL STD 1275A. When -M is selected , the -V has to be selected as well.

Conformal coating (-V)

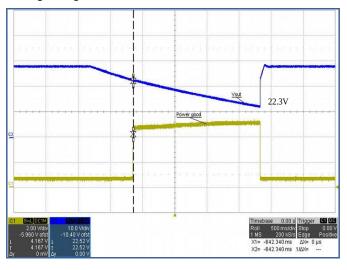
During manufacturing process, when V option is specified, components and pcb are covered with an acrylic coating to address high level of ambiant with humidity application.

Waveforms

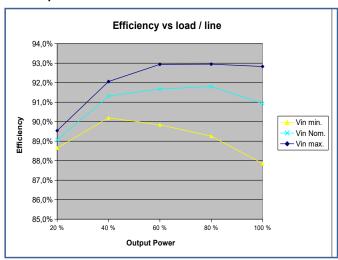
Output Noise PST14X28-28320



Powergood Signal PST14X28-28320



Efficiency PST14X28-28320







Functionalities and compliance table

Environmental

		Input 12V	Input 12V	Input 24V	Input 28V	Input 28V
Functionalities	Conditions	PST14X12-xxxxx	PST14X12-xxxxx-MV	PST14X24-xxxxx	PST14X28-xxxxx	PST14X28-xxxxx-MV
Parallel operation	Droop current share with CIE POB accessories	V	V	V	√	V
Redundant operation	Droop current share with CIE POB accessories	√	V	V	V	V
Series operation	with CIE SOB accessories	√	√	V	√	√
Remote senses		√	√	√	√	√
MIL COTS version	-MV option for 12 &28 Vin		√			√
Conformal coating	-V option	√	√	V	√	√
-40°C Operation	standard	√	√	V	√	√
MIL-STD-704 A,C,D,E,F, 28V Steady State	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-704 A,C,D,E,F 28V Surges High Transients	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-704 A,C,D,E,F 28V Surges Low Transients	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-704 C,D,E,F 28V Surges Low Transients	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-704 A,C,D,E,F 28V Spikes	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-810E (Shocks, Vibrations, Accelerations, Humidity)	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-461 Conducted Emission CE101, CE102	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-461 Conducted Susceptibility CS101, 114, 116	built to meet, -MV option		√			√
MIL-STD-1275 A,B,C,D Steady State, Surges and Spikes	100V/50ms, 250V/70uS		√			√
RTCA-DO-160E sect.16 cat.Z, Surges	80V/100ms, 48V/1s		√			√
DEF STAN 61-5, Part 6 28V	100V/50ms		√			√
ABD100.1.8 Surge and Normal Transients	built to meet		√			√
EN50155 Environmental	-V option	√		V	√	
EN50155, EN55022A, EN55011A, EN50121-3-2	Conduction Emission, built to meet	√		V	√	
EN 50155 Input Range and Transient	built to meet	√		√	√	

Electromagnetic Immunity

	Standard	Level	Value	Waveform	Source imped.	Test procedure	Mode
Supply surge	EN50155	В	1,4 * VIN	0,1 / 1 / 0,1 s	1 Ohm	1 positive surge	OP
Direct transients	EN50155	D	1800V	5 / 50 µs	5 Ohms	5 pos., 5 neg.	OP
Surges	EN 61000-4-5	3	2000V	1,2 / 50 µs	12 ohms		OP
Electrostatic discharge (to case)	EN 6100-4-2	4	8000V	1 / 50µs	330 Ohms	10 pos., 10neg.	ОР
Electrical fast transients/burst	EN 61000-4-4	4	4000V	5 / 50µs	50 ohms		ОР

Immunity to Environmental Conditions

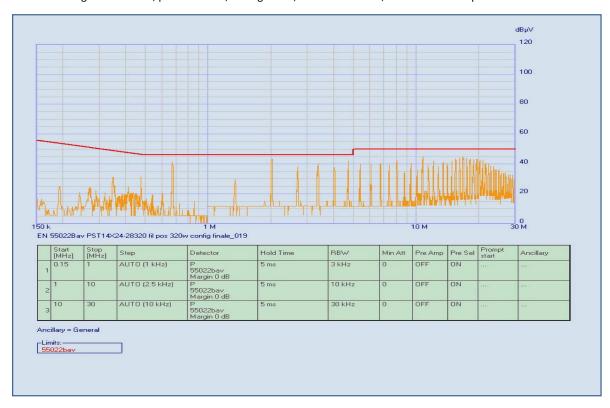
Test method	Standard	Test conditions	Status
Damp Heat	MIL STD 810E Proc. 507-2	I HUMINITY 93 % AUTU. ON NAVS	Conformal coating option only, built to meet
Shock	MIL STD 810E Proc.516.3	20g / 11ms	Built to meet M option
SHOCK	EN 50155	5g / 30ms	M option
Vibrations	MIL STD 810E Proc. 514-3		Built to meet M option



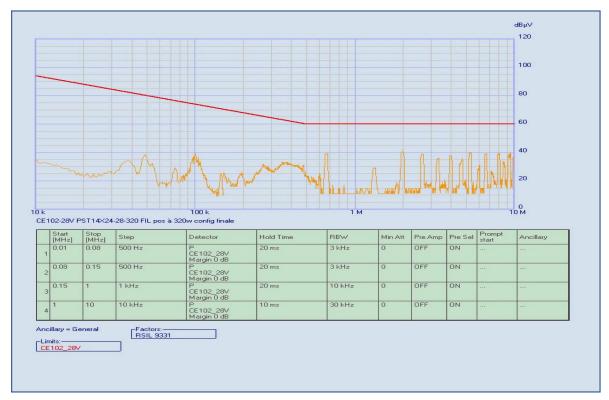


Electromagnetic Emissions

Level according to EN55022B, peak detector, average limit, PST14X24-28320, nominal line and power



MIL STD461 CE102, peak detector, 28V limit, PST14X28-28320-MV, nominal line and power







Safety and Installations Instructions

Connector Pin Allocation

Input/Output Connector: Wurth P/N7461093

PIN	signal name	description
J11	+Vin	+Vinput
J12	-Vin	-Vinput
J1	+VOUT	+Vout
J2	-VOUT	-Vout

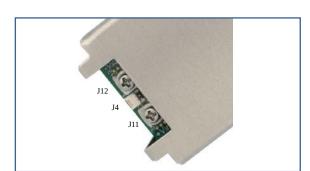
J4: MOLEX Picoblade 53048-0210

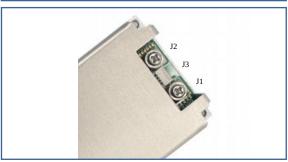
PIN	signal name	description
1	INH	Inhibtion
2	INH RTN	Inhibtion Return

J3: MOLEX Picoblade 53048-0410

PIN	signal name	description
1	PGD	Powergood Collector
2	PGD RTN	Powergood Emittor
3	+S	+ Sense
4	-S	-Sense

Note: Any version in revision IND02 and above will include J3 as MOLEX Picoblade 5 pts ref.53398-0571 to include a current share pin





Electric Strength

Characterist	iic	Input to Chassis	Input to Output	Output to Chassis	Unit
Electric	Design strength	2120	2120	500	Vdc
strength	Factory test for production units (>10s)	2120	2120	500	Vdc
Insulation res	Insulation resistance (500Vdc)			> 100	Mohms

Temperatures

			Standard		
Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Baseplate or Heatsink	Operating	-40		+100	%
Storage	Not operating	-40		+125	C

Reliability

MIL-HDBK-217F, notice 2	Model	Heatsink Temp.	GB	GF
		40°C	1709400	854700
MTBF (Hours)	PST14X24-28320	70°C	1006280	503140
		100°C	632291	316140



Installations Instructions

These converters are components, intended exclusively for integration into other equipment by an industrial assembly process or by a professionnaly competent person. Installation must strictly follow the safety regulations in respect of the enclosure, mounting, creepage and clearance distances, markings of the end-use application.

Connection to the system shall be made via appropriate connection. The +Vin is internally fused. This fuse is designed to protect the converter against overcurrent caused by a failure, but may not be able to satisfy all requirements. External fuses in the wiring circuit to one or both input pins may be necessary to ensure compliance with local requirements.

Do not open the converters, or the warranty will be invalidated. Make sure that there is sufficient heat dissipation available for conduction cooling. This should be verified by measuring the case of temperature at the specified measuring point, when the converter is operated in the end-use application.

Standards and Approvals

The converters are built to meet the safety standards IEC 62368-1, EN 62368-1.

'Built to meet' mentionned in the different paragraphs of the datasheet means that Power System Technology has designed the product to meet the standard but did not certify it in a laboratory.

Cleaning Agents and Process

The converters are not hermetically sealed. In order to avoid possible damage, any penetration of liquids shall be avoided.

Railway Application

The converters have been designed observing the railway standards EN 50155 and EN 50121. All boards can be protected by a conformal coating as an option (-V).

Isolation

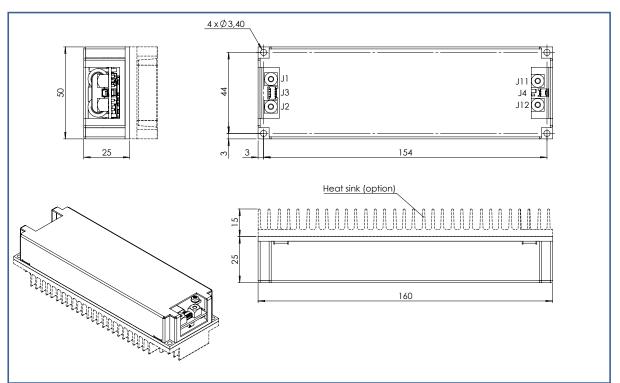
The electric strength test is performed in the factory in accordance with IEC/EN 62368.



Mechanical data

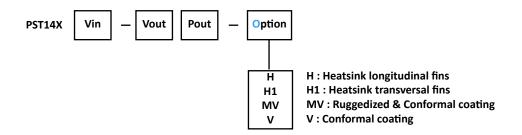
Dimension: 50 x 160 x 25mm (50 x 160 x 40mm if -H or H1)

Weight: 0,260Kg



Options and configurations

For Input and Output configurations see page 3.



For multiple combination of the **same package and get units already delivered** with accessories mounted (Bus bar for parallel & serial, common baseplate), please consult factory to get Partnumber and pricing. As example, The P/N will be as follows:

Example:

2up 2 outputs (see page 3 for V1P1 & V2P2) PST14X Vin -V1P1-V2P2-0

2up 1 output PST14X Vin -V1P-O 1 output of P1+P2 where P1=P2 (do not put in parallel 2 different power)

3up 3 outputs PST14X Vin -V1P1-V2P2-V3P3-0

3up 2 outputs **PST14X Vin -V1P-V2P2-** (P = 2 x P1)

PST14X Vin -V1P1-V2P-0

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